

Verbs with reflexive pronouns

In English A reflexive pronoun can be used to show that the subject acts upon itself. The reflexive pronouns are **myself, yourself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves, yourselves, and themselves.**

He bathes **himself**.

I made **myself** some dinner.

The children dress **themselves** for school.

A Circle the reflexive pronoun and the subject it refers to. Underline the verb.

1. I drag myself out of bed at 5 AM!
2. You cut yourself on the glass?
3. The cat cleans itself.
4. We admire ourselves in the mirror.
5. Babies cannot feed themselves.
6. You found yourselves a new hobby.
7. She treated herself to ice cream after finishing the race.
8. He bought himself a CD at the store.

In Spanish Reflexive pronouns can also be used when the subject and object of a verb are the same. The infinitive of a reflexive verb always contains **se**: **bañarse**. When you conjugate a reflexive verb, the reflexive pronoun changes to match the subject of the verb.

yo	me baño	nosotros(as)	nos bañamos
tú	te bañas	vosotros(as)	os bañáis
usted, él, ella	se baña	ustedes, ellos, ellas	se bañan

Reflexive pronouns either go before the conjugated verb, or are attached to the end of an **infinitive**. With affirmative informal **commands**, they must be attached to the end of the verb. When using a reflexive verb with a body part or clothing, use a definite article instead of a possessive adjective.

¿**Me** lavo **las** manos?

Sí, **lávate las** manos.

Nos tenemos que vestir.

¿Vamos a **vestimos** ahora?

B Circle the reflexive pronoun and the subject it refers to, if it is given. Underline the reflexive verb.

1. Por la mañana, yo me despierto a las seis y media.
2. Mi hermana se levanta más tarde.
3. Ella y yo nos vestimos después de desayunar.